

# The Times-Democrat.

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LIMA, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 1900.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT  
furnishes our readers  
LATEST NEWS BY WIRE DAILY.

## GONE

Is Their Hope of Liberty.

The Boers Lost

All Chance of Winning in Their Fight

When England Sent 200,000 Armed Troops Into the Field.

Johannesburg Entered by the British Who Expect to Proceed Into the Boer Capitol Without Further Opposition.

Special by Associated Press.

LONDON, MAY 30.—THERE IS A SETTLED CONVICTION HERE THAT THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA IS OVER. JUDGING FROM THE TENOR OF ROBERTS' TELEGRAMS HE DOES NOT LOOK FOR FURTHER OPPOSITION, AND EXPECTS TO ENTER PRETORIA WITHOUT MEETING THE ENEMY. AN APPEAL FROM KRUGER FOR TERMS OF CAPITULATION IS HOURLY EXPECTED.

London, May 30.—It is taken for granted here that the British marched into Johannesburg at noon to-day. Indeed, the reports are current that telegrams have already been received announcing the fact and the serious part of the campaign from a military standpoint is regarded as over. Any prolonged defense of Pretoria is considered highly improbable, and many military men anticipate that General French will capture the Transvaal capital within a day or two by a sudden and unexpected move.

ENEMY IS DISHEARTENED.

London, May 30.—The following dispatch was received from Gen. Buller: "New Castle—Hilyard is at Utrecht and the town has surrendered. Clery is bombarding Laings Nek. The enemy is much disheartened and were they in such strong positions, I doubt if they would show fight. The railway was opened to New Castle on May 25."

BOERS LEAVING NATAL.

London, May 30.—It is officially announced that the Boers are leaving Natal. General Hildebrand has occupied Utrecht, in the southeastern portion of the Transvaal.

LORD SALISBURY'S WORDS.

Outlines at a Banquet the South African Policy of the Government.

London, May 30.—Lord Salisbury, who was entertained at dinner by the city of London Conservative association, made an important announcement regarding the government's South African policy. He said:

"The stop the war party have used my name in support of their ideas, by stating that I promised there should be no annexation of territory or annexation of gold fields. I never meant to give a pledge. I stated a simple historical fact. We are accused of going to war for just of gold and territory. We went to war to abate oppression of the queen's subjects in the Transvaal, and because our remonstrances were met by an insulating ultimatum.

"To say that because we repudiated the greed of territory we therefore bound ourselves never to annex any territory is a most ridiculous misconception. I dwell on this point because this matter of annexation is about to become a burning question.

"We have made a tremendous sacrifice of blood and treasure in this conflict. There are misleading prophets whose action bulk as large in the columns of the newspapers as the action of more influential and powerful people, who instead the unlucky rulers of the Transvaal to continue resistance far beyond the time when all resistance has ceased to be even possibly successful. These men are perpetually pressing us to make some conditions, to offer some arranged stipulations that shall leave a shred of independence to the two republics. Our only certainty of preventing recurrence of this fearful war is to insure that never

again shall such vast accumulations of armaments occur, and that not a shred of the former independence of the republic shall remain.

"We are not yet at the end of the war, but I shall venture to lay it down as a primary condition of any future settlement that precautions will be taken of such a character that such a war will never occur again. It will also be our duty to protect those native races who have been so sorely afflicted, and at the same time so to conduct their policy that, so far as possible, there shall be a reconciliation, and that every one shall be a happy member of the British empire."

At the conclusion of the speech Lord Salisbury announced that Lord Roberts had taken Johannesburg.

While the townspeople at Fleetwood were cheering the announcement that Lord Roberts had occupied Johannesburg, the German crew of the *Herrichta*, an English vessel that was sold to a German firm, cheered President Kruger. Several conflicts occurred between the Germans and the English, and the chief office of the *Herrichta* was mobbed. Ultimately the police force was doubled.

Johannesburg Entered by the British Who Expect to Proceed Into the Boer Capitol Without Further Opposition.

## FEAR

Prevails Among the Envoys

Of a Massacre

By the Boxers Who are Now Massing

In Large Numbers Before the Capital City of China.

Many of the Boxers are Without Arms Except Such as are Given to Them by the Chinese Soldiery.

Special by Associated Press.

SHANGHAI, MAY 30.—THE TROUBLE WITH THE "BOXERS" IS ASSUMING AN ALARMING PHASE. ALL THE FOREIGN POWERS ARE SENDING TROOPS TO THE SCENE OF THEIR MOST ACTIVE OPERATIONS IN AN EFFORT TO PREVENT A MASSACRE OF ALL THE FOREIGNERS. THE CHINESE SOLDIERS ARE IN SYMPATHY WITH THE "BOXERS" AND ARE SUPPLYING THEM WITH GUNS AND AMMUNITION.

Shanghai, May 30.—The British warships Orlando and Algiers are landing one hundred men at Taku where the French, Russian and Japanese guards have already disembarked. The "Boxers" are apparently without arms except those obtained from the soldiers, many of whom are openly joining the rebels.

VICEROY REFUSED

To Allow Foreign Troops to Proceed to Pekin.

Special by Associated Press.

Tien Tsin, May 30.—American, British, Japanese, German, Italian, Russian, and French troops, to the number of one hundred each have been ordered to guard their respective legations at Pekin, but the Viceroy here will not allow them to proceed hence to Pekin on the railroad without authority of the Tsung Li Yamen. One hundred and eight Americans with a machine gun and a field gun, landed here last night amidst great enthusiasm on the part of the residents. Five Russian and one British warship have arrived at Taku and the British are now landing. Other war ships are hourly expected. Three thousand Chinese troops from Lu Tai are expected here to day enroute to Fang Tai. The position here is to believe that the "Boxers" will disperse before foreign troops are ready to act. Tien Tsin is in no danger.

EIGHT TO BE BEHEADED.

For Participation in a Massacre at Shan Lai Ying.

Pekin, May 30.—From all parts of the surrounding country the news is constantly arriving of fresh atrocities committed by the "Boxers." Three Christian families were massacred at Shan Lai Ying, 60 miles from Pekin, on May 25, and only two escaped. The damage at Fang Tai by robbery and fire is estimated at half a million taels, (over \$300,000). The neighboring villagers seem to have joined in the attack, showing that the movement is not confined to the "Boxers." Eight rioters captured will be decapitated.

IMPERIAL SOLDIERS.

Put Up a Feeble Fight and Desert the Enemy.

Shanghai, May 30.—The rebellion continues to grow in intensity and the gravest fears are entertained of its ultimate extent. The foreign envoys at Pekin, fearing a massacre within the capital, have decided to bring up the guards of the legations. The Boxers are now massing outside of Pekin, and their numbers are reported to be constantly augmenting. Fresh contingents are coming up almost hourly from the north.

The imperial troops who were sent to disperse the rebels found themselves hopelessly outnumbered. Several hundred were killed and two guns

and many rifles were captured, after which the most of the remaining troops went over to the rebels. They are now marching side by side.

It is believed that the Boxers have the sympathy of the entire Manchu army in the anti-foreign districts, and there is no doubt that they have the countenance of the empress dowager and of Prince Cing.

The Belgian minister, escorted by a strong bodyguard, has gone to obtain an audience of the Tsung Li Yamen, a number of his countrymen, with their families, having been cut off by the rebels at Chang Hsin Tien. The position of the missionaries is one of extreme peril unless aid is speedily forthcoming. It is feared that they will meet with the same fate as their unfortunate converts, whom the Boxers are ruthlessly murdering."

GUARDS SUMMONED.

Pekin, May 30.—The foreign guards have been summoned by the legations and will arrive immediately. This decision was well taken. The opinion is widespread that the powers should compel China to defray the cost of a measure which the apathy of the Chinese government necessitates. All the French engineers and their families are reported safe.

## RAIN

Threatened to Interfere with the

Great Reunion

Of the United Confederate Veterans

Of the Civil War Which was Commenced at Louisville Today,

But Old Sol Came Out at Last and Everything was Brighter—Fifty Thousand People Estimated to be in Attendance.

Special by Associated Press.

Louisville, May 30.—All throughout the early part of the morning rain came down in torrents and the prospect for a comfortable opening of the reunion of the United Confederate veterans scheduled for noon were not bright. By ten o'clock however the rain had ceased, the sun came out and there was every promise of a fine day, at least during the hours the convention was to sit. It is estimated that at least 10,000 people have arrived since Tuesday evening and as all trains this morning were packed to suffocation the estimate of the reunion committee is that the number of strangers is near 50,000 is not far from the truth.

Major General Poynett, commanding the Kentucky division of Confederate veterans called the meeting to order shortly after 12 o'clock.

The welcoming addresses were made

by Mayor Weaver, of Louisville; Colonel Thomas E. W. Balliet, of the Board of Trade; Rev. Carter Helm Jones, for the Commercial club; Attila Cox, for the finance committee; Judge Hazledig on behalf of division Confederate veterans; General Simon Buckner, for the Confederate veterans of Kentucky. Col. Bennett H. Young, chairman of the reunion committee presented the building to the veterans in an eloquent speech. Gen. John B. Gordon, Commander of the United Confederate Veterans responded to the address of Col. Young. Gen. Gordon's speech was received with great applause at frequent intervals.

General Poynett then brought forward Rev. B. M. Palmer, of New Orleans, who delivered his annual address. The meeting then adjourned for the day.

THE WEATHER.

Special by Associated Press.

Ohio—Partly cloudy to-night and Thursday, with showers in the east and south.

DIAMOND JUBILEE.

Special by Associated Press.

London, May 30—Diamond Jubilee won derby today.

## ECHO

of the Deceased Legislature.

A Big Scheme

To Seize the Berm Bank of the Canal

To Construct a Railroad Line Entirely Across the State.

Backed by Prominent State Officials, the Projectors Persevered and Kept the Project Alive Until the Present Time.

A special to the Cincinnati Enquirer of a recent date contains the following account of a big scheme in which the present state administration is involved granting the rights of public domain of the state to a big private railroad scheme. It says:

A gigantic railroad project, involving the state authorities at Columbus in a strange transaction and embracing one of the greatest canal grabs in the history of Ohio, came to light yesterday.

It is a plan to build a railway line on the berm bank of the Miami and Erie Canal from Toledo to the heart of the Queen City, thus connecting with a new and direct line, the great lakes and the Ohio River.

The scheme has been so closely interwoven with a veil of mystery that, though it was conceived more than two years ago, nothing has been known of its progress or, in fact, that it even existed.

The Seventy-third General Assembly, two years ago, adopted a joint resolution authorizing the Governor and the Attorney General to lease to any private corporation they might deem advisable the berm bank of the Miami and Erie Canal between Toledo and Cincinnati, to be used for experimental operations in the use of electricity as a motive power for boats. Such was the proposition ostensibly. Those interested in the affair presented arguments to the Legislature showing that in several foreign countries experiments of a similar character were being made. It was shown that the use of a trolley system to propel boats would be impracticable, as the movement of the water would prevent the trolley shaft from running intact. Furthermore, it would be necessary to remodel the canal boats in a form similar to tugs or freight steamers. The plan unfolded as feasible was to construct an electric car line on the berm bank and have motors supplement horses or mules.

LOOKED VERY PRETTY.

This all appeared very rosy to innocent members of the Legislature who did not give it thorough consideration. The idea of having a canal boat glides through the water at a rate of speed nearly as great as a trolley car seemed a magnificent improvement. Without a great deal of discussion the resolution authorizing the lease went through both Houses and became a law. Already a company to make the "experiments" had been quietly organized. As soon as the resolution had been adopted the promoters of this company waited upon Governor Bushnell and Attorney-General Monnett with request that they sign a lease for the canal berm bank. Being a business man himself, Governor Bushnell was not slow to appreciate the immense value of the grant to be given away by the state for "experimental" purpose if the lease should be signed. After a conference with the Attorney General the Governor determined not to be a party to any such lease. Attorney-General Monnett was of the same opinion as the Governor, believing that there was at least a chance for a gigantic job in the measure. The company made repeated efforts during the regime of Bushnell and Monnett to consummate the deal, but these officials were firm in their refusal to allow the grant. It was their opinion that the proposed experimental operations were simply a ruse to get possession of the canal berm bank for railroad purposes.

A close examination of the lease provided for in the resolution adopted by the Legislature disclosed the fact that it was so worded as to give the company leasing the berm bank possession of it for a term of 32 years. The company was to have two years for experiments, and after that period was to have the sole right to operate and control the railway line occupying the berm bank for 30 years. When Governor Bushnell retired from office he left the project blocked by the lack of his signature and that of the Attorney-General on that lease. He was still of the opinion that it was a job to grab the canal, and later developments proved that he was correct.

As soon as Governor Nash came into power the company renewed its effort to secure a lease. The matter was handled very quietly, least the Seventy-fourth General Assembly would become cognizant of its real character and the dangers that beset the state's property, and repeal the act providing for the lease. Not until the afternoon of the day previous to the final adjournment of the Legislature did the promoters of the scheme meet with success. In the meantime a few influential but mercenary members of the Legislature, who were in a position to render the company much assistance, were taken into project, being given shares of stock for their co-operation. The members who added to the company were men who had much influence with Governor Nash and Attorney General Sheets. Both of those officials were inclined to hesitate in the matter of signing the lease, and it required much persuasion to eliminate from their own minds the idea that something was wrong with the plan of Governor Bushnell and Attorney General Monnett would have sanctioned it long ago.

Finally both the new Governor and his Attorney-General agreed to sign the lease. The document was brought to the Executive Department, and when Nash was about to attach his name to it, an attorney of one of the state associations for the protection of canals happened in. He chanced to see the lease lying upon the Governor's desk, and thereupon entered a vigorous protest, saying the scheme was simply one for a wholesale robbery of the state. This again blocked the way, but the delay was not of long duration, as the objecting attorney was induced to withdraw his protest in consideration of being given a one-tenth interest in the company. He exercised his influence on behalf of the scheme after that, and the Governor, with the Attorney-General, signed it just before the Legislature adjourned. It was the game to hold the matter back until the legislature was about to get away in order to avoid any chance of the act being repealed.

As a result of the action of Nash and Sheets, the company formed ostensibly for experimental purposes now has the right to construct a railroad line on the berm bank of the canal from the water front at Toledo to the very heart of this city, an entrance into Cincinnati, by the way, that has never been enjoyed by any railroad line although persistent attempts to accomplish such an arrangement have been made for many years. It is ascertained from an unquestionable source that the company, instead of constructing simply the ordinary rail road car line, will put down a track suitable in every way for steam railway purposes. The experiments are to be only a pretense according to those in a position to know. One of the great advantages in securing the berm bank for this purpose is that it will require absolutely no grading. Neither will the company be called upon to bear the trouble of litigation and the immense expense of securing a right of way. For thirty years, or more than a quarter of a century the company is to be in the control of the grant, and there is nothing in the conditions under which it was secured to prevent it being released or sublet at an enormous revenue to the canal grabbers interested. Without doubt it is the greatest legislative job ever "pulled off" in the history of the state. What makes it all the more pernicious is the fact that the next Legislature will probably be unable to repeal the act, since the lease has been signed, as any legislation invalidating a contract is unconstitutional. It was just such a scheme as this that Albert Netter, the erstwhile Cincinnati financial genius conceived and unsuccessfully endeavored to develop years ago.

A special from Columbus says Governor Nash's understanding is that the lease is for only two years with the privilege of renewal for thirty at the end of that period upon the approval of the State Board of Public Works. This, if correct, amounts to the same result. The track can be laid within two years, and this having been done, it would be an easy matter to secure the renewal. However, the Governor's understanding is not the same as that of some of the parties interested in the project.

Special by Associated Press.

Manila, May 30—Memorial Day was observed here as a general holiday. Military ceremonies were held at the various stations and salutes were fired from forts at Santiago and Manila. A military escort proceeded to Malate where the graves of the U. S. soldiers were decorated and an address made by the chaplain. Memorial exercises were held also in the theatre where number of addresses were delivered, interspersed with vocal and instrumental music. The observance of the day was very successful.

## BOTH

Colors Were Freely Commingled.

Blue and Gray

Equally Prominent in the Great Throng

Maryland's Monument to the Killed in the Battle of Antietam in 1862

Formally Dedicated Today and Presented to the Government by Antietam Battle Field Commission.

Special by Associated Press.

Washington, May 30—President McKinley went to Antietam battle field to-day to take part in the dedication of Maryland monument. He was accompanied by secretaries of war, navy, interior, treasury, agriculture and attorney general Griggs, private secretary Cortelyou, General Hastings and Colonel Bingham.

UNPARALLELED EVENT.

Hagerstown, Md., May 30—The monument erected to the memory of the men who wore the grey as well as those who wore the blue, and who died in mortal combat on the bloody field of antietam was dedicated today. The event was probably without parallel in the history of the world. It was graced by the presence of the president of the U. S. accompanied by many members of his cabinet; a score or more of senators, and thrice as many members of congress, the governor of Maryland, and prominent men from all parts of the country. There were also present hundreds of veterans who fought for the "lost cause" and thousands who fought for the side that proved victorious. All anomalies were forgotten as they listened to the simple stories of those who told of the heroism of the dead, and of the desperate struggles of those who survived the battle and still live to tell many incidents of the day of carnage and strife.

Col. Taylor, president of the Antietam battle field commission of Maryland presented the monument to the national government.

## HEROES OF BOER WAR.

Three British Officers Who Distinguished Themselves in Africa.

Three incidents which will live in the story of the heroism which the South African war has revealed were reported as follows according to the London Times: In the dramatic tale of the British entry into the Free State capital the gallant deed of Major Hunter-Weston, who with ten men passed through the Boer lines and succeeded in cutting the telegraph lines and also in blowing up the railway to the north of the town, stands out vividly as another act of pluck and daring to be added to the records of the British army. From Bethalé bridge, in the north of Cape Colony, came particulars of another gallant deed by a young officer, Lieutenant Popkin of the famous Sherwood Foresters. In a hailstorm of Boer missiles he cut the wires the enemy had laid to the mines planned to destroy the bridge. Advancing through the trenches, he noticed some boxes of dynamite ready for use, pitched his way back to his regiment, collected a few men and with them again crept across the bridge, 1,480 feet—a quarter of a mile—long, and under a brisk fire took the explosive back to the camp.

This feat of almost reckless gallantry, performed in the full glare of a South African day, was emulated at night by Captain Grant, an engineer officer, who traversed the bridge in spite of the Boer guards, and removed the dynamite charges from the mine trolleys which the enemy had so carefully prepared, thus putting a final touch to the splendid act of Lieutenant Popkin and the noble defense of the bridge by the Derbyshires, the "Old Stubbins" of fame.

Major Hunter-Weston is an officer who had already won distinction, and comes of a Scottish family which traces its descent far away to pre-Norman times. His father, Lieutenant Colonel G. H. Hunter-Weston of Hunterson, Ayrshire, served through the Indian mutiny. He commanded one of the outposts throughout the defense of the Lucknow residency, while his wife was a daughter of the late Mr. Robert Hunter and lady Justice of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, of which her husband is a knight of Justice and honorary commander.

The Captain Grant referred to is apparently Captain Philip Gordon Grant, who served in the operations in Chitral with the relief force in 1895. He is 30 years of age, and entered the Royal Engineers 12 years ago, reaching his present rank in February of last year.

Second Lieutenant Robert Stewart Popkin must be among the youngest officers at the front, as he was born less than 24 years ago, and joined the Sherwood Foresters about a year ago.

It is worthy of record that the last recipient of the Victoria cross among the gallant officers of the Derbyshire regiment was Lieutenant Henry Sinclair Pennell, whose daring bravery during the campaign on the northwestern frontier of India secured him this highly prized honor. The incident for which he was awarded the Victoria cross occurred at the second attack on the heights of Darvel, when Captain Smith was struck down while attempting to take a company of the Derbyshires across the fire swept zone. Lieutenant Pennell, then a subaltern, went out alone to bring his captain back. Under a perfect hall of bullets he three raised him and tried to carry him to cover, and only desisted from his gallant effort on finding Captain Smith was dead. Lieutenant Pennell was one of the officers wounded at the battle of Peter's Hill.

**More Copies of "A Message to Garcia."**

Five hundred thousand more copies of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company's booklet, "A Message to Garcia," have just been issued, says the New York Tribune. Five previous editions of 100,000 copies each have been distributed. The booklet is illustrated and contains, in addition to the message to Garcia, which was written by Elbert Hubbard, a sketch of the life of Lieutenant Colonel Rowan, who carried the message to Garcia; a portrait of Lieutenant Colonel Kowan, made from a photograph taken the day before he sailed for Manila to rejoin his regiment; a portrait of General Calixto Garcia, to whom the message was sent, and a sketch of his life, and a portrait of Mr. Hubbard, with a short sketch of his life. It is said that this message to Garcia has been printed more than 11,000,000 times and has been translated into Japanese, German and other languages.

**Facts About India's Famine.**

Major H. E. Barnatvala of the British medical service in India, now in Washington, says: "The photographs of attenuated natives so widely distributed are merely reproductions of pictures taken at the time of previous famines, when such conditions existed. Relief work is provided for the abject-bodied, and for the small children, the aged and the India relief kitchens supply needed sustenance. The offerings of the American people, however, will reach a class who are too proud, on account of caste distinctions, to avail themselves of the official assistance of the government, to accept which would throw them into prohibited intercourse with other castes. The charity of the American people is very acceptable."

**The Work of a Lifetime.**

Ernest Kruger, a compositor employed in a printing office in Leipzig, Germany, has just completed his fiftieth year of service and has been occupied in setting type for one book nearly all the time, says the Philadelphia Record. The book is Grimm's German Dictionary, and the first batch of manuscript was turned over to the compositor in 1861. Thus far 32,000 pages have been printed, and the work is not yet half done.

## "Do Not Grasp the Shadows and Lose the Substance."

Many people are but shadows of their former selves; due to neglect of health. Look out for the blood, the fountain of life, the actual substance; keep that pure by regular use of Hood's Sarsaparilla and robust health will be the result. Dyspepsia, weakness, and other woes will be things of the past and life will be worth living.

Hacking Cough—"I was troubled with dry, hacking cough. One bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla helped me and three bottles cured me and made me strong." George W. Bennett, Coolspring, Del.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never Disappoints

Hood's Milk cure Ever Merciful non-stimulating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## AN OUTING AT THE OCEAN.

Seashore Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines Will be Run August 9th.

The annual low rate excursion to the seashore will be run via Pennsylvania Lines Thursday, August 9th. On that date reduced fare tickets will be sold to Atlantic City, Cape May, An-glesse, Avalon, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey, Seabrook, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

The round trip from Lima, Ohio will be \$14.00 to either of the two resorts mentioned, which constitute the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast.

No more enjoyable vacation outing can be planned than a visit to the seashore in mid summer. Arrangements may be made for participating in the pleasures offered by this excursion by communicating with ticket agent, Lima, Ohio.

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**Deafness Cannot be Cured** by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Halls' Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**Excursions to Akron via Pennsylvania Lines and C. A. & C. Railway.**

The Sunday School Association of Ohio will convene June 5th at Akron.

Low rate excursion tickets will be sold June 4th and 5th via Pennsylvania Lines and C. A. & C. Rail way, valid returning not later than Friday, June 5th.

**A Fast Bicycle Rider**

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklin's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North sta-

reets.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—John E. Clifford, proprietor Norwood house, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

**Excursions to Des Moines, Iowa, via Pennsylvania Lines.**

June 17th to 21st, inclusive, account

Annual Convention Music Teachers' Association, tickets at reduced rates will be sold to Des Moines, Iowa, from Pennsylvania Lines ticket stations, valid returning Saturday, June 23d, inclusive.

**A Keen Clear Brain.**

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North sta-

reets.

It makes old people cross every time they see a young person because the young person fails to appreciate what a good time he is having.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. Lynch, Dott. W. Va. This remedy is sold by all druggists.

## FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

**After Free Samples.**

Unless, impelled by curiosity, you were to stand and watch the strange ways of the patrons of free samples stands in the department stores you would hardly credit the ingenuity displayed by some female shoppers in providing themselves with various articles of food during their day's outing.

Thus a soldier may be a hero in the field of battle, but lack the courage to stand up alone on a platform and make a speech. Ralph Waldo Emerson, in his essay on "Herosm," says that genuine heroism is persistence. As an illustration he tells how his little son Waldo on his way to school had to pass a house where lived a French family. The child heard the family talking their native language, which he could not understand, and that made him have a sort of superstitious fear of them. So Mr. Emerson used to walk to and from school with the lad and told him that he must return alone.

But one day he decided that the child was old enough to overcome his fear and pass the house of the French family by himself. He went to school with the lad and told him that he must return alone.

After school was dismissed Waldo walked manfully toward home until he had nearly reached the French house. Then he stopped, and, leaning against the fence, began to whimper. Miss Elizabeth Boar, a neighbor, saw him and went to his rescue. "Come, Waldo, I am going your way, and you can walk with me," said she.

The child looked up tearfully into her eyes a moment and then said in the most doleful voice, "I don't think that was what my father meant for me to do." Then he trudged on by himself. In such wars boys and girls may prove their heroism in the little duties of life.

**This Little Pig Came Home.**

A correspondent of a New Jersey friend writes to him that he has a very sensible pig. He says he had more pigs than he wanted to keep, so he sold one to a man living in a neighboring village. The little pig had been living in the pen with his brothers and sisters and had never been outside of it until the man who bought him put him in a basket tied down the cover and put it in his wagon to carry to the new home. Late in the afternoon the farmer who sold the pig says he was surprised to see something coming across the swampy meadow below his home. He watched it struggling through the wet places climbing the knolls, until at last he discovered that it was his little friend, the pig he had sold, and who was now all covered with mud and dust and who, though very tired, seemed rejoiced to get back to his old home again. He went straight toward the barn, where he knew there was the only home he recognized as such. The money was returned to the man who had bought the little pig, and he said during the rest of his natural life at his old home.

**Chicago Women's Chief Troubles.**

Another woman's club, that of the South Side, has been finding out what the sex says a Chicago dispatch to the New York Times. It has decided that the chief trouble of woman-kind are caused by "health foods," high collars, husbands who stay out until late at night and educators who make pupils study too much.

All these causes were explained and denounced at a meeting, and all came under the wire, about evenly, for the blame.

All these things were assigned as causes for the nervousness and hysteria which afflict women.

All the speakers told of their experience with these causes, except that of the belated husbands.

On this point their testimony was at second hand.

But they all agreed that the combined causes were undermining the constitutions of Chicago women and threatening to reduce the sex to the level of man.

**Birdsellers were denounced for introducing the girl of today to a collar three inches high—a billboard of linen and starch which made her irritable and nervous.**

**WATER WORKS.**

All persons wanting water turned on, will please present or send their written order, giving the street number of the house and number of the lot. Without this information the office will find it impossible to locate and regulate all service connections.

By order of trustees.

23w. J. O. STOUT, Secy.

**Mrs. Bellamy Storer's Famous Pottery.**

Probably few of the people who meet the wife of our new minister to Spain know that she is one of the first notable potters of the United States. Mrs. Bellamy Storer in her youth was a china painter and porcelain artist of great ability, although she pursued the art as a pastime and gave most of her finest pieces away to church fairs, exhibits, museums and art collections.

She was the head and front of the movement of women china painters in Cincinnati and the west and helped to organize the first clubs, which have since become factors in forwarding the art. Mrs. Storer next established a kiln, and with the aid of the best china painters whom she could interest, began experimenting with pottery colorings and designs.

The result was the Rockwood pottery—named for the town of Rockwood, in which the work was begun—which has become world renowned and which on its first appearance in Europe was credited to China, France, Germany and even Spain. Many consider the Rockwood coloring one of the greatest discoveries in porcelain painting.—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

**A Clever Young Woman.**

One of the cleverest young women in New Orleans, Miss Terese Bernard, at the solicitation of many prospective tourists to the Paris exposition, has compiled a little phrase book for the especial use of American travelers, one of which will prove of undoubted service.

"The Little Interpreter For Americans" is the title of the scarlet pamphlet, which may be carried in pocket or cardcase for sudden reference. The little chapters consist of subjects treated under headings such as the arrival,

at the hotel, meals at the exposition grounds, laundry, in the stores, military, choosing styles, fitting, at the druggist's, dentist's, the post, miscellaneous phrases and an index of comparative values of French and American currency.

Miss Bernard's little book would equip a tourist for a lengthy stay in Paris, yet it is so compact and in style that during the voyage across one might commit the brochure to memory.

New Orleans Times-Democrat.

**A Clever Horse.**

At a farm one of the horses was constantly escaping from its stable at night, and it was thought some boys had been playing pranks and let it out. The farmer decided to sleep in the hay loft to discover, if he could, how it was managed. He found the horse broke the halter, went to the door, pulled the latch up and galloped into a field near with the cows and sheep, and so the mystery was explained.

New Orleans Times-Democrat.

**Pulse Beats.**

Put a finger on your pulse. Do you feel the throbbing beats come strong and regular, or are they weak and uncertain? A weak pulse means a weak heart and retarded circulation of the blood. It means stomach trouble, indigestion, pain in left side, dizzy spells, shortness of breath, palpitation, fainting or sinking spells and breaking down of the entire system. If your heart is weak and your pulse irregular begin at once to guard against the coming breakdown by taking

DIRECTOR

## MILES'

### Heart Cure,

The Great Heart and Blood Tonic.

"I had much pain about the heart, palpitation and irregular pulse, and for nearly three months had to be propped up in bed to keep from smoking. When I stopped smoking entirely and the most heroic measures were necessary to revive me, I had no appetite for food and lost flesh rapidly. Seeing that my doctors were doing me no good I took the advice of an old friend and began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. The good effects were so apparent that I kept on with it, and I am satisfied that I owe my restoration to that valuable remedy."

D. A. SWIGG.

London Mills, Ills.

D. MILES' Heart Cure is sold at all drug stores on a positive guarantee. Write for free advice and booklet to

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## SUMMER OUTINGS.

Where to Go and How to Get There.

The Seashore, Mountain and Lake Resorts constitute the most attractive pleasure grounds for the summer idler. They are within easy reach via Pennsylvania Lines, and agents of

that railway system will furnish full information about rates, train service and through car comforts to any of the summer havens. They will assist in arranging details for vacation trips and give valuable information free of charge. Apply to the nearest Pennsylvania Lines Passenger and Ticket Agent and be relieved of all bother in shaping preliminaries for your summer outing and vacation trip.

F. M. EAKIN, Ticket Agent.

**OUND** advice to those who have kidney and bladder troubles, is to take a safe, sure medicine like Foley's Kidney Cure. It always benefits the KIDNEYS.

H. F. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

## WATER WORKS.

All persons wanting water turned on, will please present or send their written order, giving the street number of the house and number of the lot. Without this information the office will find it impossible to locate and regulate all service connections.

By order of trustees.

23w. J. O. STOUT, Secy.

**Special Rates to Milwaukee via Pennsylvania Lines**

THINK TWICE.

IT WILL Amply Repay Residents of Lima to Follow This Citizen's Advice.

Did ever the old adage "Think twice and act once," appear as much to the point? Can it be driven home more effectively? The majority of our readers have seen the opinions of and experiences with Doan's Kidney Pills expressed in Lima papers by Mrs. L. F. Cole, of 250 Spencerville road. Nearly three years from the date that the opinions first appeared in the Lima newspapers she was again interviewed and gave the following statement for publication:

"To the statement I gave for publication in the summer of 1896 I have nothing to add but that time has strengthened the opinions I then expressed about that remarkable preparation. They cured me of backache which had prevented me from sleeping at night and worried me during the day. Up to the present time, and it is considerable over two years since I stopped the treatment I have not had a recurrence."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents a box. Foster-Millburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

## NEELY'S PROPERTY.

Attachment Suit Instituted in Indiana by Uncle Sam.

Indiana, May 30.—United States District Attorney Wishard, on behalf of the government, brought suit against Charles W. Neely to attach all the property belonging to the latter that may be found in this state. It is the intention of the government to lay open the Necley Printing company's plant at Muncie, and Deputy Marshal John Foley will have Muncie to serve the writ of attachment and take charge of the property. It is believed the transfer of the plant to Ross Cowan was made with the intention to defraud creditors and to turn all his property into cash. The suit is based on affidavit sworn to against Neely by Inspector General George H. Burton, who investigated the shortage in the Cuban accounts for the government.

**Another Disclosure.**  
Washington, May 29.—The postmaster general has received information to the effect that the postoffice inspectors have discovered that 1,700 stamped envelopes were sent by C. W. F. Neely to Mr. Rowan, his business partner at Muncie, Ind. The value of these supplies, which postoffice officials say should have been used in the Cuban postal service, is about \$35. A report has been prepared in answer to a resolution of inquiry passed by the house of representatives asking whether the postmaster general received reports from Director General Rathbone stating that an examination of Neely's accounts had been made on April 23, and whether it was a fact that special agents actually had made such examination. The reply will state that reports indicating that Neely's accounts were correct were received, and that they were of date on April 23. It is believed that the postmaster general will state that these reports were prepared by Special Agents Neal and Saybol, and that the statement that the accounts were correct was made in good faith.

## Baptist Church.

Detroit, May 30.—The closing feature of the American Baptist missionary anniversary and the crowning event of the nine days' busy session, was a powerful address upon "China," delivered by Rev. Dr. William Ashmore, who for more than half a century has been one of the foremost of indefatigable missionaries in that country. He alluded to China as the land of the sorrowful past and tremendous future. He argued that all the momentous changes pending in China are providentially favorable to the inculcation of Christianity in China.

## Fever Among Troops.

Havana, May 30.—Five cases of yellow fever have broken out at Santa Clara among men of the Second cavalry who are married to Cuban women, and who live out of the barracks. There are only two cases in the province of Havana, and there is not one in the city.

## Otis Promoted.

Washington, May 30.—The president sent the following nomination to the senate: "Brigadier General Elwell S. Otis, United States army, to be major general June 16, 1900, vice Merritt, to be retired on that date."

## French Minister Resigns.

Paris, May 30.—General the Marquis de Gallifet, minister of war, has resigned. It is officially announced that his successor is General Andre.

## SNAP SHOTS.

Current News Nuggets Gathered From Far and Near.

Thomas H. Norton of Ohio was appointed consul at Harput, Turkey.

Edward Ward, a pioneer lumberman and millionaire of Michigan, is dead.

Former President Cleveland has returned from his yachting trip to Bermuda.

William Rockefeller, the oil king, was successfully operated upon for appendicitis.

## TROOPS ON THE JUMP.

Numerous Small Engagements Here and There in the Philippines.

Lieutenant Evans and Several Others Killed While Charging Entrenchments—Captain Colle's Hot Fight.

Manilla, May 30.—Major Henry T. Allen of the Forty-third infantry, while scouting from Catbalogan, Island of Samar, May 9, drove a party of insurgents from the valleys. Four Americans were killed, including Lieutenant John H. Evans, who was slain while gallantly leading a charge against the entrenchments. Eleven of the enemy were killed and four wounded.

The town of Caterman, Island of Samar, was attacked recently by 1,000 Filipinos, who entrenched themselves near the town over night. Captain John Colle of the Forty-third regiment fought the Filipinos for six hours, and afterward buried 150 of the enemy. One American was killed and one was wounded.

The hamlet of Pawin, in the province of Laguna, Island of Luzon, the headquarters of General Callies, was surrounded May 26 by three detachments of the Forty-second and Thirty-second regiments and Eleventh cavalry. Only a few of the enemy were encountered. Callies having departed the day before, the town was burned.

The official reports announce scouting and small engagements in Panay and Cebu islands, and Tayabas, Laguna, Zamboanga, Benguet and Pangasin provinces, resulting in 14 of the enemy being killed and many wounded. The Americans also captured 60 rifles, six Nordefeldt guns and supplies of ammunition destroyed and a powder factory.

Now in a Prize Fight.

Chicago, May 30.—Kid McCoy was given a decision over Syracuse Tommy Ryan at the end of one of the practice six-round fights ever seen here. But over the decision and what referee Malachy Hogan claims was a misapprehension, a free-for-all fight was nearly precipitated. One clause of the agreement was that a draw should be declared were both men on their feet at the end of the sixth round. Referee Hogan said after the contest that he had no such understanding, and rendered a decision as he thought just. Ryan called Hogan a robber and planted a left in his face. Hogan jabbed Tommy's nose. Here the police stepped in. So far as the fight was concerned McCoy, in the opinion of a large majority, had a long shade the better of it. Ryan carried the fight to his man continually, but the elusive Kid was generally out of the way, and his lightning jabs had Tommy bleeding slightly early in the fight. Ryan shot the Kid up badly, however, a number of times, with right and left hooks to the stomach and jaw.

Lodging House Tragedy.

New York, May 30.—John McConville, 55, and John O'Loughlin, 60, were found dead in a boarding house. They had been accidentally killed by escaping gas. Robert Healy, 28, also was overcome and removed to a hospital in serious condition. An examination of the gas jet in the room showed that it contained two valves, one of them connecting with a supply pipe for a gas stove. In turning off one valve one of the men had apparently turned on the other and gas flowed all night long.

## Chinatown Quarantined.

San Francisco, May 30.—In accordance with the power vested in it by the board of supervisors of this city, the board of health has quarantined Chinatown against the plague, and that section of the city is now surrounded by a cordon of police, who refuse to allow anyone to pass in or out of the district unless he is provided with a proper permit. The quarantine order also includes the streetcars, which are not allowed to pass through the district.

## Shot by Her Husband's Lover.

Birmingham, Ala., May 30.—Mrs. Mamie Cadell was shot and instantly killed by Mrs. Lilly Gardner at Blanton. Mrs. Gardner had been living with Cadell, the victim's husband. The wife left home, but returned to get some of her belongings, when she was shot down by Mrs. Gardner, the husband witnessing the murder and offering no interference. Mrs. Gardner and Cadell were arrested and spirited away to Centreville to avoid mob violence.

## Flight With Horsesteves.

Ardmore, I. T., May 30.—In the hills near Villa, in the interior of the Chickasaw nation, a desperate fight occurred between deputy marshals and a gang of horsesteves. Deputy Marshal Bridges shot and killed one of the outlaws. Two arrests were made and two of the gang escaped, with a posse in pursuit. No officers are reported wounded.

## By Lightning.

Springfield, Ill., May 30.—George Osterholz, 15, and Clyde Williams, 17, were found dead. They had taken refuge under a tree to escape a storm and were killed by lightning.

## Wheat-Spot.

Springfield, Ill., May 30.—George Osterholz, 15, and Clyde Williams, 17, were found dead. They had taken refuge under a tree to escape a storm and were killed by lightning.

## IN CONGRESS.

Proceedings of Both Branches of the National Legislature.

Washington, May 30.—The house, by a vote of 107 to 124, refused to accept the senate amendment to the naval appropriation bill relating to armor plate and adopted a modified proposition leaving the purchase price of same to the judgment and wisdom of the secretary of the navy. The bill was sent back to conference. The conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill agreeing on all items except the senate amendment appropriating \$225,000 for pneumatic tube service was adopted, and the house then concurred in the excepted amendment. The bill now goes to the president.

## In the Senate.

Washington, May 30.—The senate added to the sundry civil appropriation bill an amendment appropriating \$5,000,000 for the Louisiana Purchase exposition to be held in St. Louis in 1903 on condition that \$10,000,000 in addition be raised by the exposition authorities. Mr. Bacon of Georgia addressed the senate at length on the Teller resolution expressing sympathy for the Boers, after which the resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations by a vote of 40 to 26.

## Will Not Decide.

Cincinnati, May 30.—The Very Rev. F. Specht, vicar general of the diocese of Columbus, arrived here and went into conference with Bishop-elect Dr. Henry Moeller about the state of affairs in the Columbus diocese, of which he has been the administrator since the death of Bishop Watterson. It is believed that Father Moeller has no thought of declining.

## Work of Supreme Court.

Washington, May 30.—The United States supreme court adjourned for the term and leaves 605 cases on the docket undisposed of. During the term 370 new cases were filed, and in exactly that number were arguments heard or briefs submitted during the term. Of the cases argued and submitted 33 go over to the next term without being adjudicated.

## Home to Die.

San Francisco, May 30.—Ex-Queen Liliokalani sailed for Honolulu the capital city of Peking. The ex-queen does not look well and it is said she is going home to die. All the medical skill of the east could not save her, and as soon as the news was broken to her she decided to hasten home and end her days among her own people.

## MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For May 29, Chicago.

Cattle—Goad to prime steers, \$5.00 to \$7.00; to medium, \$4.00 to \$6.00; selected stockers, \$3.75 to \$4.25; cows, \$2.00 to \$2.50; heifers, \$2.00 to \$2.50; bulls, \$3.00 to \$3.50; Texas feed steers, \$4.00 to \$5.20; Texas bulls, \$2.00 to \$2.50; calves—\$5.00 to \$7.25; hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$6.00 to \$8.00; fat to choice heavy, \$5.00 to \$7.25; round heavy, \$5.00 to \$7.00; light, \$4.00 to \$6.25; sheep and lambs—Goad to choice withers, \$4.00 to \$5.50; fair to choice mixed, \$4.00 to \$5.50; kidney sheep, \$4.00 to \$5.50; yearling lambs, \$5.00 to \$6.50; native lambs, \$5.00 to \$6.50; western lambs, \$5.00 to \$6.50; spring lambs, \$5.00 to \$6.50.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 70c; Corn—No. 2 white, Oats—No. 2, 21¢; Barley 22¢.

## Cleveland.

Hogs—Mixed, Yorkers and medium, \$2.50 to \$3.00; pigs, \$2.00 to \$3.00.

Sheep and Lambs—Choice hand-clipped lambs, \$5.00 to \$7.00; fair to good, \$4.00 to \$5.50; good to choice, \$3.50 to \$5.00; fat lambs and yearlings, \$4.00 to \$5.50; calves—\$5.00 to \$7.00; choice hand-clipped, \$4.00 to \$5.50; fat lambs, \$3.50 to \$5.00; choice, \$4.00 to \$5.50; fat lambs, \$3.50 to \$5.00; good to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.50.

## Pittsburgh.

Cattle—Choice cattle, \$5.00 to \$7.50; prime, \$4.00 to \$5.50; thin butchers, \$3.50 to \$4.50; common to good butchers, \$4.00 to \$5.50; cows, bulls and steers, \$3.00 to \$4.50; fresh cows, \$2.00 to \$3.50.

Hogs—Medium, \$5.00 to \$7.50; heavy hogs, \$5.00 to \$7.50; heavy Yorkers, \$5.00 to \$7.50; light Yorkers, \$5.00 to \$7.50; choice, \$4.00 to \$5.50; fat steer, \$4.00 to \$5.50; good hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; good fat cows, \$4.00 to \$5.50; good bulls, \$4.00 to \$5.50; calves—Fair to best, \$6.00 to \$6.50.

## Boston.

Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, \$4.00 to \$5.50; fair to good, \$3.50 to \$5.00; yearling lambs, \$5.00 to \$6.50; choice lambs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; spring lambs, \$5.00 to \$6.50.

## Buffalo.

Cattle—Butchers, \$4.00 to \$5.50; tops, \$5.00 to \$6.50; cows and heifers, \$4.00 to \$5.50; stockers and feeders, \$4.00 to \$5.50. Calves—\$5.00 to \$7.00.

Hogs—Pigs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; Yorkers, \$5.00 to \$6.50; medium, \$4.00 to \$5.50; heavy, \$5.00 to \$6.50.

## Sheep and Lambs.

Sheep—Good to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.50; fat lambs, \$5.00 to \$6.50; choice, \$4.00 to \$5.50; fat lambs, \$5.00 to \$6.50; good to choice, \$3.50 to \$5.00.

## Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 70c; Corn—No. 2 mixed, 25¢; oats—No. 2, 61¢.

## Lord &amp; Sons.

Bulk Meats—\$6.77; Bacon—\$7.87.

## Hogs—\$4.00 to \$5.50.

Cattle—\$8.00 to \$10.00; Calves—\$8.00 to \$10.00; Lambs—\$4.00 to \$5.50.

## Boston.

Wool—Olive fleeces, X and above, \$2.00 to \$2.50; XX and XX and above, \$2.50 to \$3.00; No. 1 combing, \$2.50; No. 2 combing and No. 3; \$2.00 to \$2.50; No. 4; \$1.50 to \$2.00; coarse and braids, \$2.00 to \$2.50.

## Toledo.

Wheat—Spot, 74¢; Corn—No. 2 cash, 23¢; Oats—No. 2 cash, 22¢; Rye—No. 2 cash, 57¢.

## Baltimore.

Butter—Fancy creamery, \$1.00 to \$1.25; Eggs—Fresh—12¢.

## THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Chinese Minister's Keen Interest In the Census.

## A HUNTER'S DANGEROUS TASK.

Elwood Hofer Sent to Alaska to Get Specimens of Monster Kadlik Bears For the Government—Use of Automobiles Increasing—Many Servants Needed at White House.

The census authorities have had some difficulty, not in enumerating the Chinese in the United States, but in classifying them and in fixing their ages, the latter trouble being caused by the difference between the calendar used in this part of the world and that of the Chinese, which has the lunar months, giving some of the years 12, some 13 months, says the Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune. While every Chinaman was so far interested in the month, day and hour of his birth, the information is useless to the bureau unless converted into the time adopted here. As an aid in securing the proper dates Director Merriam has had a table made by an astronomer showing the corresponding dates in both calendars for the last 100 years. Hearing of this, Mr. Wu, the Chinese minister, who is one of the most amiable and public spirited men, sent his own calendar, which was compiled by a Roman Catholic missionary in China, as a guide. The tables prepared for the census were carefully compared with the minister's table, and several mistakes were found and corrected.

In all the work of the census Mr. Wu has shown the same lively interest evinced by him for all American institutions and has been helpful to its officials whenever opportunity offered.

Among other things he prepared a proclamation, which was distributed under his official seal in all localities where there are Chinese residents, explaining the scope and purposes of the census and calling upon his compatriots to give freely and frankly all the information wanted and to aid the enumerators in every possible way. The minister proposes, too, to follow the initiative taken by some of the other foreign governments and send a representative to study the methods and workings of the present census.

It has been fully demonstrated that Ely's Cream Balm is a specific for Nasal Catarrh and cold in the head. This distinction has been achieved only as the result of continued successful use.

A morbid condition of the membrane in the nasal passages can be cured by this purifying and healing treatment.

Sold by druggists or it will be mailed

50 cents by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

It spreads over the membrane, is absorbed and relief

is immediate.

# THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'D CO.

OFFICE—TIME BUILDING,  
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.  
TELEPHONE CALL No. 84.



## DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic State Convention of Ohio will be held in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on June 12th and 13th, 1900, for the purpose of selecting four delegates-at-large to the Democratic National Convention to be held at Kansas City, Mo., July 3d 1900, also to nominate two presidential electors-at-large for the state of Ohio and to nominate candidates for the following offices:

Secretary of State  
Judge of Supreme Court

Dairy and Food Commissioner

Commissioner of Common Schools

Member of Board of Public Works.

The basis of representation of delegations and alternates to this convention shall be one delegate and one alternate for each 500 votes or fraction of 250 cast for Hon. John R. McLean for governor in 1896.

All electors who voted for Hon. John R. McLean for governor, and all other electors who intend to support the Democratic nominees in 1900, are entitled to take part in the election of delegates to this convention.

All delegations and alternates to this convention elected after May 3d, 1900, shall be chosen in such manner as may be designated by the Democratic county central or controlling committee of each county.

No mass delegations to be admitted.

The counties in this congressional district shall be entitled to the following number of delegates and alternates:

Allen county, 454	9
Auglaize county, 4010	8
Barke county, 5228	11
Mercer county, 397	8
Sherman county, 3355	7

The County Central Committee of each county of the state, where delegates are not yet selected, shall reaffirm this call. As to Cuyahoga county delegates—we recognize and designate the committee recognized by the last Democratic state convention at Zanesville in 1899. A. J. Grumley, chairman, as the only proper Democratic committee in Cuyahoga county, with authority to arrange for the selection of Cuyahoga county's delegates to the coming state and other conventions, during their local term of office.

NM. S. THOMAS Chairman.  
LOUIS REEMELIN, Secretary

## DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The democrats of the Thirty-Second Senatorial district will meet in delegate convention at Van Wert, Ohio, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1900,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of nominating a candidate for member of the State Board of Equalization. The basis of representation in said convention will be one delegate for every 1,000 votes cast for Hon. John R. McLean for governor in 1896, and one delegate for every fraction of 500 votes or over so cast. Under this apportionment the several counties comprising the district will have the following vote in the convention:

Allen	41
Auditor	41
Buckeye	41
Clinton	41
Madison	41
Montgomery	22
Van Wert	22
Whittlesey	12
Wauseon & others	12

My name is \_\_\_\_\_

W. N. SCHAFFER, Geo. W. Korn, Secretary.

## A VICTIOUS DECISION.

During his brief term in office Attorney General Sheets has made several decisions of an unpopular character, which may and may not have been according to an intelligent construction of the law and constitution of the state. His latest decision is one which will certainly be viewed with alarm for it opens the way for a corruption that could be far reaching and of great injury to the people of Ohio.

Since the last legislature adjourned it has been discovered that many of the bills enacted into law are defective. Some are not good because of faulty wording or poor engrossment, and some are declared to be useless because they were not signed by the lieutenant governor as presiding officer of the senate. Mr. Sheets has just decided that an ice bill giving boards of health the right to inspect ice intended for family consumption is ineffective because Lieutenant Governor Caldwell's signature is not affixed, although the senate and house journals show that the bill received a constitutional majority in each branch. Mr. Sheets' decision virtually gives to the lieutenant governor the veto power which is denied the chief executive by the legislature, which has repeatedly refused to pass a law giving the veto power to the governor. But, under Mr. Sheets' decision all the Lieutenant governor has to do is to "forget" to sign a bill and his failure has the force and effect of a veto.

There is no doubt that the decision of Mr. Sheets is not according to the intent of the law makers and if the matter is taken to the supreme court, that body will without doubt declare the law to be effective. It has heretofore decided that it is not necessary for bills passed by constitutional majorities to be signed by the presiding officers, but that it is the duty of the speaker and the president pro-tem of the senate to sign bills whether those bills meet the approval of the presiding officer or not. If Judge Sheets' decision is allowed to stand it gives the lieutenant governor a power withheld from the chief executive. The failure of Lieutenant Governor Caldwell to sign the ice bill and several other bills can not rightfully defeat the action of the general assembly which did its part in good faith.

The action of the assembly, right or wrong, should not be knocked out because a lieutenant governor in his anxiety to get away from his duties to the state "forgets" to sign a bill.

Somebody might be elected as lieutenant governor some day who might have a very convenient memory when large financial interests are involved.— Toledo Bee.

## A DOZEN VICTIMS.

Another Day of Rioting Attends the St. Louis Strike.

St. Louis, May 30.—In a rioting scene, developments were the worst experienced since the strike on the lines of the St. Louis Transit company was inaugurated, over three weeks ago. The rioting was confined entirely to three places in the southern section of the city, and by nightfall the police records showed that fully a dozen persons had either received bullet wounds or been hurt by flying missiles. Three of those hit by bullets received probably fatal wounds. They are Herman Petschke, John T Rice and R. H. Stillson, the latter of Cleveland, O.

In each instance running cars were stopped and the crews jeered by mobs. This was followed by promiscuous firing.

## Steamer Ashore.

New Orleans, May 30.—The Morgan Line steamer El Sud, Captain H. L. Higgins, from New York, reports that on May 27, 45 miles south of Jupiter, he passed a British steamer ashore, believed to be the Copenhagen of the Munson line, from Philadelphia for Havana. She signalled that she wanted immediate assistance, was high out of the water forward, but very deep aft. The sea was quite smooth and no wreckers in sight.

## Secret Arrests.

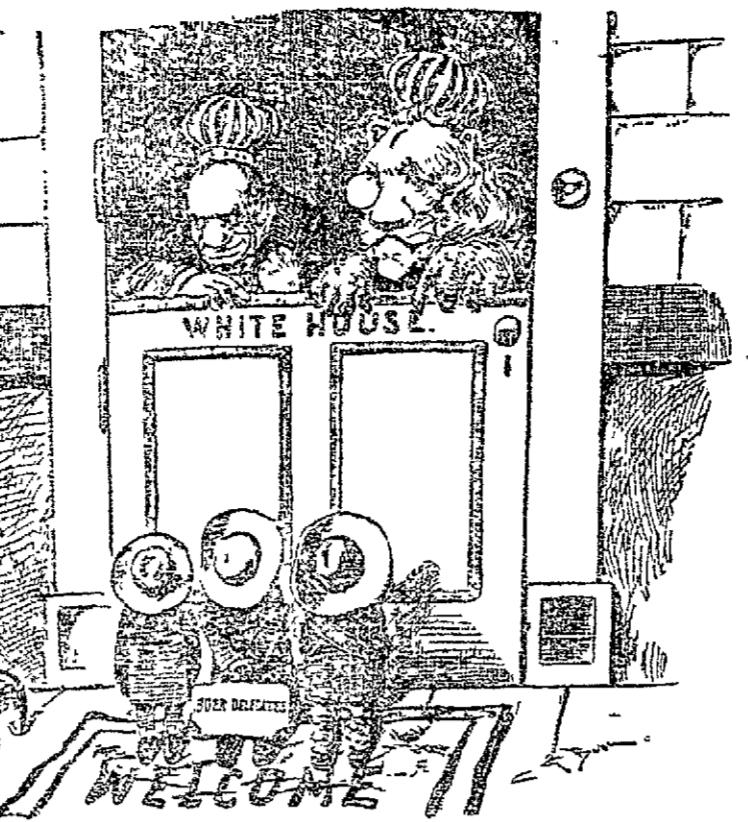
Kieff, Russia, May 30.—Seventy-six arrests have been made in Odessa at the instance of the secret political police, 15 in Kieff and 29 in Warsaw. There is much mystery involved, but the arrests appear to be connected with charges of sedition which two months ago led to 200 arrests in St. Petersburg and to 100 in Warsaw.

## Collapse of a Crane.

Pittsburg, May 30.—One man was killed outright, two were fatally hurt and five others badly injured by the collapse of a traveling crane at the plant of the Denton & Hogg Iron and Steel Company. The dead: Joseph Kwai-kha. Fatally injured: George Dodson and George Knox, skull fractured.

## Memorial Day Abroad.

Paris, May 30.—The University club gave a dinner at the hotel Continental in honor of Decoration day functions. Owing to the presence in Paris of many well known Americans, the affair was largely attended. United States Ambassador Porter presided.



"Sorry for you, my little friends, but me and my partner here have an arrangement that won't permit me to help you."—New York World.

## CORRUPT TO THE CORE

### Development of the Cuban Postal Service Scandal

### ABUSES IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

Governor Wood's Princely Salary and Allowances—How Revenue Is Raised—Enterprise and Labor Taxed—Worth and Prosperity Exempt. A Fine Example of Imperialism.

(Special Washington Letter)

The whole Cuban scandal is investigated the worse it looks. Despite the utmost efforts of the administration to minimize the offenses which have been committed and narrow the lines of the investigation it is only too apparent that the whole Cuban postal service is corrupt to the core.

After an enormous amount of squirming, hesitating and delay the war department has furnished the Senate with what will pass for an itemized account of the receipts and expenditures of Cuban funds. Taking up first the receipts, it appears that Cuban revenues for 1900 were as follows:

From customs .....	\$15,121,000
From people .....	20,000
From internal revenue .....	7,000
From mail .....	22,500
Total .....	\$16,321,500

Considering the postal receipts first and the expenditures thereof, it is found that \$12,250 is expended on the postal service, about 2½ times the amount of receipts from that service. Of the expenditure nearly \$400,000 is for salaries. Considering the small size of the postal service of Cuba and its insignificant receipts, it is only too evident that the stealing of Neely and his confederates is not the only thing in the Cuban postal service which needs investigation. It is a picayune, one horse affair at best, and its expenditures should easily be kept within its revenues.

It is a singular fact the revenues of Cuba are almost entirely derived from customs dues. This means that the industries and commerce of the island struggling to recover from the calamities of four years of revolution, war and pestilence are burdened with an enormous and oppressive form of taxation, while the huge landed wealth of the island in the form of mines, city property and plantations is practically exempt from taxation. It is an exact and graphic revelation of Republican incapacity to realize the first principle of the basis of just taxation. The Republican policy has always been to place the burden of taxation on industry, enterprise and labor and exempt wealth and property.

But the signs all point to further corruption in other departments of the Cuban government and to gross and unlimited extravagance in every direction. The Cuban people have had no voice in determining how they shall be taxed, and they have no voice in determining how the taxes taken from them shall be expended.

Governor General Wood draws his regular salary as an army officer of \$7,500 a year. This would seem to be quite enough for a man to live on in a respectable fashion, especially as he has free quarters and the numerous perquisites of rations and supplies which go to every army officer; but in fact he is also allowed illegally an additional salary of \$7,500 and a still further allowance of \$2,000 which is ostensibly charged to house rent. This is a larger income than is paid to any other official under the government of the United States save the president himself.

In every library fund contributed by Mr. Carnegie every poor man who plays with iron or steel will find his name inscribed in the book of life to the extent of a fraction of the sum in the increased price of knives and forks.

In stately monuments, exquisite statuary, halls of fame, relief to the starving, salve to the wounded, there are the contributions of the poor, from the starveling infant who consumes the chalk mixture of the milk trust to the coffin in which he is buried by the undertakers' trust and the last service read from the book supplied by the Bible trust. The only distressing thought is that the wrong parties get the credit of it all.

## ON THE DIAMOND.

### American League.

At Chicago—Chicago 4, Kansas City 6  
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 5, Detroit 4  
At Buffalo—Buffalo 0, Cleveland 5

### Turf Winners.

At Latonia—Nettle Regent, Acushla, Covington, Bell Frost, Irving Major, Wilson, At Gravesend—Danforth, Merito, Bedeck, Hindustan, Seurat, Banzer.

### At Hawthorne—Princess Tatiana, Innovator, Great Reed, Wood Tree, Gold Badge, Orlando.

At St. Louis—Russell R, Golden Harvest, Majestic, Phoenix, Sidura, Theory

### Hanna in the Campaign.

Cleveland, May 30.—The Leader says: "Events which will come to pass between now and the close of the Republican national convention will prove the accuracy of the prediction that Senator Hanna will not be the chairman of the new national committee. An advisory board consisting of a small number of the most astute and able politicians of the country will be organized to act in conjunction with the national executive committee in the management of the Republican campaign. Senator Hanna will be a member of this advisory board, and while not bearing the great and heavy burdens of national chairman, will be the most conspicuous figure in the campaign."

### Confederate Veterans' Reunion.

Louisville, May 30.—The tenth annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans began at noon in the splendid new hall erected for this occasion by the people of Louisville. Thousands of visitors are here. The ex-Confederates and the other visitors have found Louisville swathed with bunting, the stars and bars of the Confederacy predominating. The proceedings of the reunion were merely opening exercises. Mayor Weaver and representatives of the commercial bodies of the city welcomed the veterans, and after a response by General John G. Gordon the opening day oration was delivered by Rev. B. M. Palmer of New Orleans.

### Grain in Middle West.

Chicago, May 30.—The Farmers' Review, in its weekly report concerning the condition of spring and winter wheat, says: "In Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Michigan the crop has suffered considerably from Hessian fly and lack of moisture in many counties less than one-fourth of a crop is promised and many fields have been plowed and sown to corn. An average crop is promised in Ohio. In Missouri wheat is heading in good shape, with no damage to speak of from flies. Drought prevails in all parts of Wisconsin and Minnesota, and in some sections the condition is poor, but on the whole an average crop is expected."

### Mysterious Shooting.

Dayton, O., May 30.—Presley Cook, a trumper who resides near Bellbrook, was called out of his home and shot. Two masked men went to his door and asked for a lantern and wrench, stating that their buggy had broken down and they wished to repair it. When Cook stepped out one of the men fired two shots at him, one going through his body.

### Healing by Electric Lights.

Berlin, Mich., May 30.—Dr. W. F. Arnold, the naval surgeon, has arrived from Paris, and is making interesting investigations and experiments in connection with the healing of wounds and the killing of yellow fever germs by the application of intense electric lights.

### Evenly Matched.

Detroit, Mich., May 30.—Jim Popp, lightweight champion of Canada, and Curley Supple, the Buffalo lightweight, fought 15 rounds to a draw. It was the men's third meeting, the two former decisions having been the same.

### Roper's Dispatch.

London, May 30.—The following dispatch was received from Lord Roberts, dated Germiston, Transvaal, May 25: "We arrived here without being seriously opposed. No casualties, so far as I am aware, in the main column, and not many, I trust, in the cavalry and mounted infantry. The enemy did not expect us, and had not, therefore, carried off all their rolling stock. We have possession of the junction connecting Johannesburg with Natal, Pretoria and Klerveldorp by railroad. Johannesburg is reported quiet, and no mines, I understand, have been injured. I shall summon the commandant in the morning, and if, as I expect, there is no opposition, I propose to enter the town with all the troops at noon."

### Orange River State.

Cape Town, May 30.—Lord Roberts announced to his troops the annexation of the Free State, which heretofore will be called the Orange River State.

### After the Celestials.

Chicago, May 30.—Nearly half the Chinese population of Chicago must leave its present quarters and secure habitation in buildings whose sanitary condition will satisfy the scrutiny of health officials. Health Inspector Young's "bubonic plague" detail reported that, with a few exceptions, every basement occupied by the orientals was unfit for residence. The underground abodes were described as inviting the pest germ.

### United Presbyterians.

Chicago, May 30.—The forty-second annual assembly of the United Presbyterian church, which has been in session for the past week, drew to a close. Des Moines, Iowa, was selected by a unanimous vote as the choice of the next annual assembly and a number of important measures were disposed of at the final session. The old deceased wife's sister question was tabled.

## THE GREAT CIRCUS DAY.

### WANTED.

FOR SALE—SECONDHAND TYPEWRITERS—Two good Smith Premiotype, one almost as good as new. One good Royal, one good Remington, one good typewriter, one N. American typewriter, all in good condition and subject to either rental or sale.

EXCELSIOR W. PRICE  
Rooms 13 and 14 Holmes block.

15-16K.

FOR RENT—Two furnished or unfurnished apartments suitable for light business. Inquire at this office. 4-5C.

FOR SALE—The Aldine Hotel furniture, south Main street. Good business an good patrons. 1-2C.

WANTED—Girl for general housework at Oriental Club, 128 west North street. 2-3C.

LOST—Parcel containing some fine lace between corner Wayne and McDonald streets and Diamond's grocery. Please phone at this office.

FOR SALE—A good light covered delivery wagon. Inquire at this office. 1-2C.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of second hand sewing machines in first-class condition. High st price paid. COVERDALE LOAN OFFICE, 101 east Wayne street.

W

## NEWS

Of the City Across  
the River.

## The South Side

Has a Number of Guests  
to Entertain.

Womens' Foreign Missionary  
Society of Grace M. E.  
Church

Celebrated the First Anniversary  
of Its Organization Last Eve-  
ning.—C. W. B. M. Meet-  
ing Thursday.

Cledith Wheeler, the South Side  
photographer, who has been most seri-  
ously sick, was reported better today.

A Fawcett, of the feed store, made  
a business trip to Harrold today.

Mrs. W. S. Johnson, of Circular  
street, is entertaining her sister, Miss  
Ollie Summers.

Mrs. Watkins, of west Kirby street,  
is on the sick list.

The celebration of the first anni-  
versary of the Woman's Foreign  
Missionary Society held at the Grace  
M. E. parsonage last evening, was a  
grand success in every particular. A  
fine literary and musical program was  
well rendered.

Miss A. C. Wood, of south Main  
street, and clerk in A. C. Shappell's  
tea store, is on the sick list.

Mr. William Nungester is moving  
in the rooms over his father's store on  
south Main street.

Mr. Scruby, of Dayton, is holding  
meetings at the Alliance hall, on  
south Main street. He will be here  
three days this week.

Rev. E. L. Warner, of Shreve, Ohio,  
who was stopping with J. B. Curry, on  
south Pine street left for his home  
this morning. He went by the way of  
Sidney where he expects to spend a  
day with his brother-in-law, who re-  
sides in that place.

Mr. Charles Mooney, accompanied  
by J. S. Sparling, of south Central  
avenue, have gone fishing at the  
Lewistown reservoir.

Mrs. T. M. Malone, of St. Johns ave-  
nue, who was called to Cincinnati  
some time ago on account of the death  
of her father, has returned to her  
home.

E. B. White while on his way to  
Raukin, Ill., stopped off for a day's  
visit here with his brother, master  
mechanic White of the L. E. & W.  
Mr. White will take charge of the  
shops at Raukin.

Miss Ollie Summers, of Tipton, Ind.,  
is visiting with her sister, Mrs.  
Will Johnson, of Circular street.

W. A. Rover and Cloyd Fritz will  
start today for an extended trip to  
Denver, Col. Mrs. Fritz will follow  
in the near future and they expect to  
be gone about one year.

Last evening was the eleventh wed-  
ding anniversary of Rev. Leatherman  
and wife.

E. L. Koontz, proprietor of the Lake  
Erie hotel, has put a large safe in his  
office. The porch of the hotel will  
soon be remodeled and the hotel re-  
ceive a new coat of paint which will  
add to its appearance.

Mrs. I. M. Hansberger is preparing  
to go to the sanitarium at Larwell,  
Indiana.

The foundation for the new hose  
house is nearing its completion and  
the lumber is being hauled for the  
erection of the new building.

Mrs. H. F. Whitney, of east Kirby  
street, has gone to Logansport to visit  
relatives.

Mr. J. H. Wilson graduated at the  
Lima Business College, left for his  
home at Celina, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Kazalere, of south  
Mainstreet, will entertain friends this  
evening.

There will be a special meeting of  
the C. W. B. M. Thursday evening at  
the south side church of Christ. An  
interesting program will be rendered  
and Miss McKibben will give a report  
of the centennial of the Uni-  
versity of New Brunswick and died a  
few minutes afterward.

his house 647 south Main street to the  
rear of the lot. He expects the erec-  
tion of a two story business room fac-  
ing Main street, and when completed  
will be occupied by one of the south  
side groceries.

Rev. W. H. Leatherman took a  
number of converts to the Auglaize  
river this morning for immersion.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Haines, of east  
Kirby street, who have been visiting  
with Mr. and Mrs. Del Hunter, of  
Dayton, have returned to their home.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. S. S. Wheeler is at Green  
Springs for a short stay.

Mr. W. L. Mackenzie is in Wash-  
ington, D. C., this week.

Miss Lottie Kramer, of west Spring  
street, is the guest of Ottawa relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Cunningham,  
of Bluffton, are the guests of Mrs.  
Luah M. Butler.

Mrs. W. H. Bland, of Montpelier,  
Indiana, is visiting relatives and  
friends in the city.

The Philomatheans will picnic at  
Hoover's Park next Saturday afternoon,  
June 2, at 4 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Huesman, of  
north Jackson street, are visiting  
friends in Mercer county.

Mrs. Doolittle, of Watkins Glen,  
New York, is the guest of her sister,  
Mrs. L. Ellis, of south Baxter street.

Chauncey F. Lufkin went to New  
York last night and will sail on Thursday  
for Europe on a business expedi-  
tion.

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is on the sick list.

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visit here with his brother, master  
mechanic White of the L. E. & W.  
Mr. White will take charge of the  
shops at Raukin.

## LAID TO REST.

Lima Lodge 581, I. O. O. F. Con-  
ducted Funeral Services.

The burial of the remains of the  
late David Beeler took place yesterday  
afternoon, the funeral services being  
held at the home on Brice avenue,  
Lima Lodge 581, I. O. O. F., of which  
the deceased was an honored member  
had charge of the burial and conducted  
services at the grave. Rev. J. C.  
Thompson officiated at the house.

The pall bearers were all selected  
from the order and included Wilbur  
Fisk, E. S. Taylor, J. L. Heath, L.  
Koch, B. F. Engle and A. Harrod.

## LUNG TROUBLE \*

Caused the Death of Mrs. John D.  
Benson Today.

Mrs. Lilla Benson, wife of John D.  
Benson, of 334 south Jackson street,  
died at 8 o'clock this morning from  
lung trouble, after four months ill-  
ness. The deceased was aged 41  
years, and is survived by her husband,  
one son and three daughters. Funeral  
will be held from Trinity M. E.  
church at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon.

Sudden Summons.

Frederickton, N. B., May 30.—Dr. The-  
odore H. Rand, 63, chancellor of Mc-  
Master university, was stricken with

heart failure while taking part in the

exercises of the centennial of the Uni-  
versity of New Brunswick and died a  
few minutes afterward.

Geo. Willis yesterday began moving

## LAW

Which is Applied  
Locally

## Comes Timely

To Those Interested in  
Street Opening.Supreme Court Says the  
Property Cannot be  
AssessedFor the Improvement After Being  
Condemned by the Jury Under  
Process of Law and the  
Damages Paid.

Probate Judge Miller has had under  
consideration several times of late  
matters brought into his court by the  
City Solicitor looking to the opening  
of various streets, and, consequently,  
the damage assessment which the jury  
authorizes the city to pay to the prop-  
erty holders whose premises are so  
taken. There has been a contention  
between the Judge and the Solicitor  
in regard to the right of the city to  
pay the damage found and afterwards  
assess the property holder for the im-  
provement made.

Judge Miller has contended that the  
taking of the property was an injury  
to the owner for which the law had  
established a remedy, and after the  
city had once reimbursed him in the  
way of damages, it could not then  
turn around and assess him for re-  
ceiving that which he had already  
owned. The question has been under  
discussion among the members of the  
bar during the past days and there  
now comes a timely decision in the  
Weekly Law Bulletin which covers  
the ground and upholds the stand  
taken by Judge Miller.

The decision is handed down in the  
case of the Cincinnati, Lebanon &  
Northern Ry. Co. vs. The City of  
Cincinnati and covers a number of  
closely printed pages. The following  
extracts, however, cover pretty well  
the thought contained in the Supreme  
Judges' finding and fits the local cases  
exactly:

Said section 19 provides that "Pri-  
vate property shall ever be held invio-  
late, but subservient to the public  
welfare. When taken \*\*\* for the  
purpose of making or repairing roads,  
which shall be open to the public  
without charge, a compensation shall  
be made to the owner in money \*\*\*  
and such compensation shall be as-  
sessed by a jury without deduction  
for benefits to any property of the  
owner."

The property is held subservient to  
the public welfare, and may be taken  
for the purpose of making or repairing  
roads which shall be open to the  
public, so that it is only the public  
that is granted the power to take pri-  
vate property, and the public can  
only take such property for public  
use. As the public takes the property  
for public use, it follows that the  
public must pay for the property  
which it takes and uses. If the state  
takes the property, the state must  
pay for it. If a county takes the  
property, the county must pay for it.  
If a township or school district takes  
the property, payment must be made  
by the taker, and if a city takes the  
property, the city must pay for it.  
In all such cases the state, or subdivi-  
sion of the state which takes the  
property, is in that particular case  
the public.

In practice to grind the film through  
the camera by hand at the rate of about  
45 pictures a minute; but, as it will  
take an hour or more to expose the  
3½ miles of film, an electric motor will  
be used to turn the crank and save the  
photographer's arm from paralysis.

**READY FOR EMERGENCIES.**  
Campaign button manufacturers are  
interested in the problem as to who is  
to have second place on the ticket with  
McKinley, for they want to get to work  
on the buttons, says the Chicago Chron-  
icle. A New York story says that, on  
a venture, 10,000 buttons with Roosevelt's  
face to be made and held in readiness  
in Philadelphia by the time of the  
opening of the convention.

A municipality having by pro-  
ceedings in appropriation taken pri-  
vate property for street purposes, and  
paid for it out of its treasury, can it  
create and constitute the lands of the  
owner left after the appropriation a  
special taxing district for the purpose  
of reimbursing its treasury by assess-  
ing back upon his said remaining  
lands the full amount of the compen-  
sation paid him, together with all the  
costs and expenses? We think not.

Section 19 of article 1 being limi-  
tation on the power of assessment in  
section 6 of article 13, as held in the  
latter cases, there is nothing to base  
such an assessment upon. The tak-  
ing of private property for public use  
is an injury to the owner, for which  
under said section 19 he must be  
awarded full payment, he has received  
only that which the constitution  
guaranteed him, and he can be under-

no obligation to the municipality for  
receiving that to which he had a legal  
and constitutional right. He parted  
with as much value as he received.  
The public injured him and paid for  
the injury, and then to make the in-  
jury any payment a basis for recover-  
ing back from him all he received and  
more, would be to take his property  
for nothing, and maul him in costs  
and expenses besides, and this would  
be in direct conflict with said section  
10 of article 1 of the constitution.

But it is said that after the owner  
has received payment of his compen-  
sation for the lands taken from him  
that he stands on an equality with  
the rest of the community, and may  
be assessed the same as they for any  
special benefit which accrues to him  
by the improvement, that is, by the  
taking of his lands for street purposes.  
This is true as to the surface im-  
provement made after the street is  
opened, but as to the compensation  
paid him for the land it is not true,  
and is taking back from him without  
consideration that which is guar-  
anteed to him by the constitution, as  
which has been paid to him upon a  
judgment rendered in his favor by  
a court of competent jurisdiction.

## ATHLETES

MAY HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY TO  
PERFORM IN LIMA.

A Movement Has Been Started for the  
Organization of a Permanent Ath-  
letic Association.

A number of the leading local  
sportsmen, including several busi-  
ness men of prominence, have started a  
movement for the organization of a per-  
manent athletic association in this  
city. The object of the proposed or-  
ganization is to advance such sports  
as boxing, wrestling and other athletic  
contests of similar popularity and to  
give exhibitions and contests in suit-  
able public places in the city. The pro-  
moters of the project announce that it  
is their intention to exercise every effort  
to elevate the sports to a standard that  
will insure the contest held under the  
club's auspices against any features  
to the general public.

**CAPT. RUNKLE**

Appointed a Brigadier Commissary  
in the O. N. G.

A dispatch from Columbus says:  
"Brigadier General W. V. McMaken,  
of Toledo, advised Adjutant General  
Gryer to-day of his appointment of  
Captain Hugh Runkle, of Kenton, to  
be brigadier commissary."

## BIGGEST MOVING PICTURES.

Over Three Miles of Film Required  
to Photograph "Wild West."

Arrangements are being made in the  
Edison laboratory, in West Orange,  
N. J., for the taking of the biggest  
moving picture ever attempted. This  
is to illustrate the entire performance  
of Buffalo Bill's Wild West. To make  
this picture 18,000 feet of film will be  
required, and 96,000 separate pictures  
will be taken, says the New York Press.  
The film to be used will be all in one  
piece and will be the longest ever

The films on which the Wild West  
pictures are to be taken are of a larger  
size than is generally used, and the fig-  
ures, when thrown on the screen, will  
be life size. An experimental picture  
of a part of the performance was made  
in Philadelphia recently, with splendid  
results.

In taking moving pictures it is the  
practice to grind the film through the  
camera by hand at the rate of about  
45 pictures a minute; but, as it will  
take an hour or more to expose the  
3½ miles of film, an electric motor will  
be used to turn the crank and save the  
photographer's arm from paralysis.

**READY FOR EMERGENCIES.**

Campaign button manufacturers are  
interested in the problem as to who is  
to have second place on the ticket with  
McKinley, for they want to get to work  
on the buttons, says the Chicago Chron-  
icle. A New York story says that, on  
a venture, 10,000 buttons with Roosevelt's  
face to be made and held in readiness  
in Philadelphia by the time of the  
opening of the convention.

**"A Penny Saved is a Penny Earned."**

Economy is the lesson taught by this  
saying. It is true economy to take  
Hood's Saraparilla at this season be-  
cause it purifies, enriches and vitalizes  
the blood and thus prevents sickness  
and puts the whole system in a state  
of health for the coming season. Every  
bottle of Hood's Saraparilla contains  
100 doses—positive proof that it is  
economy to take only Hood's.

**Constipation is cured by Hood's  
Pills. 25 cents.**

**HAVE THE BEST OF IT.**

Judging from the good time the Boer  
enrages had since they left home,  
their job is about the best of any con-  
nected with the war in South Africa.—  
Buffalo Express.

**"Have the Best of It."**

# Weary Women

*Rest and help for weary women are found in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It makes women strong and healthy to bear their burdens, and overcomes those ills to which women are subject because they are women.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

*Is known from coast to coast. It has cured more sick women than any other medicine. Its friends are everywhere and they are constantly writing thankful letters which appear in this paper.*

*If you are puzzled write for Mrs. Pinkham's advice. Her address is Lynn, Mass. She will charge you nothing and she has restored a million women to health.*

To Niagara Falls.

One of the most enjoyable and popular excursions of the season will be via the C. H. & D. Ry. to Niagara Falls on August 9th. Same rates as were in effect last year. Details can be had from any C. H. & D. agent.

ew to sug 8

Read in another column of the house and let the Lima Real Estate Co. is giving away or call on C. L. Boynton for particulars Union block, east Market street, opposite Lima House.

174-tf

Pneumonia follows Ingrappa, but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, the great throat and lung remedy.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

A girl at fifteen is behaving above reciprocity if her neighbors have never said that some one ought to "speak" to her mother about her.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. L. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50cts. Guaranteed. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, druggist, corner Main and North sts.

One of the funniest sights in the world is a woman who has reached the age when she can easily weigh 175 pounds, appearing with her college class pin on.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demoniac enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by all druggists.

Such ostentation I never saw in my life," declared Mrs. Nugget, of Dawson City, after her return from church on Easter Sunday.

"What was it, my dear?" asked Mr. Nugget, who had remained at home.

"Why, that odious Mrs. Placer had her new bonnet festooned with strings of dried beans."

## Pneumonia

always leaves the lungs weak. Weak lungs are breeding grounds for the germs that cause consumption. Chronic bronchitis also often follows pneumonia. If you have had pneumonia, the germs of consumption are at work. Don't let them get a foothold. Begin at once and take SCOTT'S EMULSION; it will drive out the germs by making the lungs stronger than they are.

50c to \$1.00, druggists.

## WOMAN'S WORLD.

4 WOMAN'S VICTORY OVER OBSTACLES THAT DEFEAT MOST MEN.

Value of Wives' Services—Facts for Spinsters—The Woman's Vehicle. A Pittsburgh Girl's Unique Idea—Mrs. Wauchope's Tragic Life.

In carrying a typewriter around the world Eliza Archard Conner has accomplished something which it is probable no other woman journalist ever did. Yet she has done nothing unusual for Mrs. Conner! She is a woman who has led the strenuous life for—well, it is hardly the conventional thing to mention years when one is speaking of a woman's work, but her hair is snowy white, although prematurely so.

It was about two years ago that Mrs. Conner, taking her typewriter and a ridiculously small amount of baggage besides, started off to see things and write about what she saw. The Klondike was just then the most talked about part of the globe. So to the Klondike went Mrs. Conner. The way was not easy. There was no railroad over Chilkoot then. The trip up the Yukon was long and hazardous. She made it, however. She reached Dawson.

Now, one does not see gold dug in the streets of Dawson. The claims are miles out on the creeks. The trails were at that time such as made strong men weary. But Mrs. Conner had not gone all that distance to see a mining town. She wanted to see the miners at work. She wanted to see them washing gold. And she did. She slept

Besides these activities Mrs. Conner is still a student. For recreation she dives into psychology, hypnotism and occultism. When she is serious, she takes up philosophy or some branch of science.

Although a slight, rather frail looking woman of medium height, Mrs. Conner possesses a great reserve fund of vigor and vitality. She is a most pleasing companion, having a charm of manner which is due to frankness, earnestness and sincerity, all of which you read in her big gray eyes.—New York Herald.

Voice of Wives' Services.

Why men should support their wives is a question that is getting a considerable share of attention in the public prints, and the discussion of it brings many curious facts to the surface.

Among these was the story of the melancholy discovery made by the heirs of an old Massachusetts farmer some years ago. His young heirs being greedy, they endeavored to prevent the widow from enjoying the life use of a third of the estate. To their delight they discovered that the farmer had imposed an illegal ceremony upon the unsuspecting woman and that, therefore, she was not his widow. The case appeared to be a surely winning one for them, and accordingly they brought suit. The judge appreciated the sad position of the duped old woman, who had done the old man's housework for years and who was now threatened with loss of home. He advised the defendant to bring suit for services which the old man was not entitled to, as she was not his wife. Acting upon this advice, the old woman made out a bill at current wage rate by the week for all the years she had performed the housework. The court allowed the claim, which it took the entire estate to pay, and there was consequently nothing whatever left for the heirs.

The incident is interesting and illustrative. Large numbers of idle women are supported by their husbands, but as Alice Stone Blackwell showed in one of her admirable contributions to current sociology published in The Sun the census of 1890 gives 12,690,132 as the total of families in the United States and only 1,454,791 persons employed as domestics, less than one servant to 11 families, even if no family kept more than one.

Measured, therefore, in dollars and cents the services of a wife and mother as general houseworker, child's nurse, child's seamstress and dressmaker and the work the woman does for the children are a legitimate credit for her account, for in all but eight states the children are regarded as the exclusive property of the husband, since the sole control and disposal of them is vested in him as long as he and his wife live together. Such bills against husbands could be presented for their inspection as would put an effectual stop to the pretense that they are really supporting their wives.—Boston Herald.

Facts For Spinsters.

Some one is proposing a husband's union for the protection of husbands. Just what they seek to be protected from is not yet stated. But the union is intended for all the dowdroned of the land—that is, of the male portion. Possibly the union is to be founded on the same lines as the school for wives lately established in England. Still better are the marriage schools which are being developed in Germany on very practical lines. It is for girls and women only, and the value of such a training cannot be overestimated. Girls leave the marriage school competent to undertake the management of a house and a husband. The girls who have graduated from these schools have been extra lucky in getting married, so it is said.

Another society which has been organized in Denmark is the Celibacy Insurance society. Its object is to provide for those women who either cannot or will not provide themselves with husbands. The premiums, which are at various scales, begin at the age of 13 and end at 40, a period at which it is supposed most of the members will have abandoned any thought of marriage. Such being the case, the woman receives an annuity for life. If, however, she marries at any time after or before 40, she forfeits all her claims. With the profits thus accruing by chance or purpose the society hopes to provide for its members doomed to singleness.

Old maids in the United States are outnumbered by the bachelors, although it is popularly supposed that

in other things besides taking a typewriter around the world. As the daughter of an Ohio farmer she started out to live a different life from that led by the girls she knew. She began by teaching school, and when she found that as instructor of languages in a high school the prospects before her were still narrow she went into journalism.

Her apprenticeship in the profession of letters was passed in the office of the Cincinnati Commercial under Mr. Muir Headland. Since then she has filled almost every post that can be found in an editorial room. She has been a police court reporter, an editorial writer and the editor of various departments, from women's pages to agricultural columns. She has written history and fiction.

Mrs. Conner has always preached that woman was man's equal, and she has practiced what she preached. For years she has been active in the woman's suffrage movement and is today recognized as one of those who have done much "for the advancement of the sex." She is a veteran member of Sorosis. When she rises to read a paper or to join in debate, the members of that "mother of women's clubs" expect to hear something worth listening to and worth remembering. They are never disappointed. Mrs. Conner is also a prominent member of the Women's Press club of New York.

Besides these activities Mrs. Conner is still a student. For recreation she dives into psychology, hypnotism and occultism. When she is serious, she takes up philosophy or some branch of science.

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Facts For Spinsters.

A Pittsburg girl who has a genius for giving charming luncheons and originating novel features for them introduced a flower arranged contest the other day which all her friends are copying.

When each guest took her seat for this particular luncheon, she found at her cover a pretty vase of Bohemian glass. Beside the vase she found two or three rosebuds and a few sprays of green.

The hostess explained that each girl would be expected to show her artistic skill by arranging the flowers in the vase; that a prize would be given for the most exquisite grouping. Five minutes were allowed for the work and at the end of that time some very dainty vases were ready to be judged.

The prize was one of those smart little flower bunches which our florists are fitting out this winter. It was filled with violets and tied with violet ribbon.

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**A Vigorous Shampoo**  
once every week with  
**Seven**  
**Sutherland**  
**Sisters'**  
Scalp Cleaner, when  
immediately followed  
with a thorough applica-  
tion of the Hair Grower, will make  
the hair soft, silky and luxuriant.  
Unlovely hair means unhealthy hair.  
These preparations strengthen as well  
as cleanse and purify. They make  
and keep the hair beautiful.  
For men, women and children.  
Sold by all druggists.

**House and Lot Given Away**

The Lima Real Estate Co. is going out of business, and must sell all its property.  
49 lots on Forest, Tanner, Hayes and Hutchins Avenues and Second and Third Streets, will be sold on easy monthly payments, at very low prices; and in addition House and Lot on Second Street will be given to the archers.

A valuable building site on South Main Street, next to the Finch Block, also fine building lots on West High and North Streets, and a desirable residence on West Market Street, will be sold at SACRIFICE PRICES.

All must be sold quick.  
For particulars call on

**D. C. BOYNTON,**  
Union Block, East Market  
Opposite Lima House.

**Wall Paper.**

The largest line, the best goods, the biggest assortment. Prices from as low as the lowest, to as high as you wish to go.

**CITY BOOK STORE,**  
WOOLERY & RAMSAYER, Prop.

**LOCAL TIMECARD.**

No.	Arrive.	Depart.
12 Daily	2:25 a.m.	2:50 a.m.
14 Daily	5:55 a.m.	
2 Daily exct Sunday	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
1 Daily	11:30 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
4 Daily exct Sunday	4:45 p.m.	4:55 p.m.
16 Daily exct Sunday	8:00 p.m.	
60 Sunday only	7:45 a.m.	7:50 a.m.
62 Sunday only	9:45 p.m.	

No.	Arrive.	Depart.
7 Daily	2:05 a.m.	2:10 a.m.
1 Daily exct Sunday	9:05 a.m.	9:15 a.m.
1 Daily	12:45 p.m.	12:55 p.m.
3 Daily	4:45 p.m.	4:55 p.m.
1 Daily	5:45 p.m.	
13 Sunday only	9:45 p.m.	10:00 a.m.

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## O'ER

Graves of Fallen  
Heroes.

## Old Glory Now

Unfolds the Nation's  
Tribute

To the Brave Sons Who in  
Its Battle Fields Once  
Wore the Blue.

Beautiful and Fitting Exercises  
Held Today in Memory of the  
Patriots Who Served Their  
Country Well.

On one's eternal camping ground,  
Their silent tents are spread;  
And every guard with a solemn round,  
The circle of the dead.

Memorial Day was fittingly celebrated today by the citizens of Lima. The program of exercises prepared during the past two weeks by the members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. was today well executed. The graves of the fallen heroes have been decked with fragrant May flowers and above those numberless mounds Old Glory waves a nation's loving tribute to the dead.

The various committees were well chosen and all did their parts with equal perfection. The wreaths and sprays prepared by the ladies who met at the court house yesterday afternoon were carefully distributed by the following committees this morning:

Woodlawn and Gettysman—Comrades T. W. Dobbins, E. H. Johns, H. Dilley, John Martin, A. Sherman, Dr. S. A. Baxter, J. L. Hughes, D. Fritz, E. B. Louthan. Mesdames Allen, McKinney, Robbie, Porter, Prophet, Campbell, Dobbins, Sullivan, Moon Crum, Bennett and Copeland. Misses Trevor and North. Messrs. Brice Applas, George Smith and J. M. Bingham.

Old Cemetery and Old Catholic Cemetery—Comrades W. L. Watt, H. H. Heiman, Phil. Firth, J. C. Ross, M. E. Boyce, M. Thomas, Thomas Fitzgerald. Mesdames Fritz, Sherman, North, Trevor, Bradley, Coates, Doyle, Dilley and Smith.

Toney's Nose, Ward and Zion Chapel—Comrades R. White, J. D. Ward and Marshall Atmar.

Fletcher Chapel Cemetery—Comrades F. Y. Davis, W. T. Kimes.

Wesley and Union Chapels—Comrades M. F. Allen and John Boyce.

During the decoration of the graves of the deceased soldiers in the various cemeteries the G. A. R. exercises at Woodlawn cemetery were opened in an impressive manner by Rev. R. J. Thomson.

## ROSTER

OF THE HEROES WHO HAVE ANSWERED  
THE LONG ROLL-CALL.

Following is the roster of the departed soldiers, whose graves were decorated this morning:

## WOODLAWN CEMETERY.

Section No. 8—William Brice, R. T. Hughes, I. Z. Hooper, Daniel Willoughby, H. B. Kelly, Luther M. Miller, Fred Agerton, C. I. Neff, J. C. Rohr, S. W. Moore, John Shad, Nelson Shad, Benton Hoge, Miles Beatty, L. G. Taylor, Henry Brunt, W. L. Porter, J. S. Barnes.

Section No. 9—Hamilton Roberts, William Colvin, George W. Overmyer, William Bashone, A. G. Jenkins, G. A. Taylor, J. M. Wynder, J. A. Colbath, H. C. Heckerman, J. H. Herzer, C. C. Hutchinson, Peter Remington.

Section 10—William Rydman, David Pearson, David Mumford, Julie C. Terry, P. Jenkins, Tony Brashley, C. E. Curtiss.

Section 16—W. R. Lamberton, Geo. Baxter, E. W. Johns, James McBeth, John Sharp, Dr. C. L. Curtiss, W. G. Nickols, John E. Tracy.

Section No. 15—Fred Newman, Thomas Ralling, Rev. J. F. Crooks, W. H. Ward, J. W. Myers, Conrad Pfeifer, W. H. Rockmore, Henry Reel, John F. Bennett, Peter Shieck, J. W. Rixley, Leonidas Coffin, Thomas Dickerson, C. F. Keeler, W. W. Gates, Jacob Seigrist.

Section No. 17—T. K. Jacobs, D. S. Myers, W. H. Nicholas, C. N. Lamison, W. D. Cunningham, O. S. Dr. McIndoe, Dentist, Painless Methods. Both telephones.

Langan, C. S. Brice, L. M. Reichelderfer.

## GETHSEMANI CEMETERY.

John McCarty, James Langan, John Clark, A. J. Murphy, Steven Rollond, Michael Sullivan, Anthony Meier, Moses Clifford.

## AT HOVER PARK.

The threatening weather this afternoon did not deter the patriotic citizens from attending the memorial exercises that were held at the Hover park. Several hundred people were present, including the members of both the local military companies, when the opening number of the afternoon's program was rendered by the Lutheran choir.

Every number on the program was well rendered and equally as well received by the audience. Following is the full text of the program:

1. Music, "Garland Their Graves," Lutheran Choir.
2. Prayer, Rev. Walter H. Lehman.
3. Male quartette, "Answering the Last Roll Call," Messrs. Simpson, Evans, Davis and Vermillion.
4. Reading of orders by Post Adjutant.
5. Song, "Memorial Day," Miss Myrtle Berryman.
6. Memorial address, Rev. G. B. Garner.
7. Song, "Sleep on and Rest," Lutheran Choir.
8. Lincoln's Gettysburg Address, Miss Nora Lamison.
9. Music, "Again We Wreathe With Loving Hands," Miss Berryman, Mrs. Davis; Messrs. Simpson, Evans, Davis and Vermillion.
10. Decoration of Monument to the Unknown Dead by Mart Armstrong Post.
11. Music, Lutheran choir.
12. Music, "Dropping From the Ranks."
13. Music, "Under the Sod and the Dew."
14. Taps, Drum Corps.
- Benediction, Rev. R. W. Wilgus.

## LIMA FRIENDS

OFF J. O'CONNELL ARE NOT FORGOTTEN BY HIM

As the Day of His High Attainment Approaches.—Many Invitations are Received in This City.

The following neat invitations were received here this morning by a large number of Lima people relative to the Ordination of Mr. P. J. O'Connell, of this city by Bishop Horstmann, at St. John's Cathedral, Cleveland, on June 10th:

You are cordially invited to be present at my Ordination to the Priesthood by the Rt. Rev. Ign. F. Horstmann, D. D., Saturday, June the ninth, nineteen hundred, at half-past eight o'clock, St. John's Cathedral, Cleveland, and by First Holy Mass.

St. Rose's Church, Lima, Ohio, Sunday, June the tenth, at half-past ten o'clock, Patrick O'Connell.

St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, Ohio.

## CHARLIE WOLFE

Says Price Wanted to be Invited to the Fish Dinner.

Charley Wolfe, of the C. H. & D., who broke all records at the McCullough Lake Sunday by capturing a black bass weighing seven and one-half pounds, says that the catch was discredited by Charley Price in the Gazette for the reason that he refused to invite Price to help eat the big fish.

## TO STUDY WILD BIRDS.

University Professor Has New Method of Approaching Them.

Professor F. H. Herrick of Western Reserve university has discovered a new method of approaching birds in a state of nature, says the Cleveland correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser. It is an application of certain well known principles of animal psychology and makes it possible to study the behavior of wild birds at a distance of from 15 to 27 inches and to focus a camera directly upon the bird itself and take pictures of great interest and value.

Professor Herrick expects to spend the summer in New England experimenting with wild birds and to publish an illustrated account of his method in the course of the year.

He that seeks finds. He that takes Hood's Saraparilla finds in its use pure, rich blood and consequently good health.

Dr. McIndoe, Dentist, Painless Methods. Both telephones.

## OIL

Men are Deeply Interested

## In the Future

That is Believed to be Possible

By Reason of the Plans of the Newly Organized Pure Oil Co.

The Chicago and Ohio Oil Co., Proposes to Begin Wholesale Drilling on its Territory in Wood County.

Local oil men are considerably interested in the reports from the east concerning the Pure Oil company, which by increasing its capital stock from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000, it was stated in Wall street today, the selling agent for a number of independent oil companies. These companies include the American Oil Works, the Continental Refining Company, the Columbia Oil Company, the Seven Oil Works, the Emery Oil Company, the Germania Refining Company, the Independent Refining Company and the E. H. Jennings & Matson Oil Company. All the concerns are stockholders of the Pure Oil Company.

The company has established agencies abroad at Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Bremerhaven, Hamburg and Mannheim and the increase in its capital stock is designed to raise more money for carrying on the oil export business in competition with the Standard Oil Company, as well as to extend the company's business from this city to other eastern cities. The company already has a New York city business.

A great part of the increased capital, it is stated, will be expended for improvements for manufacturing, refining and transporting oil. By next fall it is intended to extend a pipe line into Philadelphia, and at an early date a pipeline to West Virginia fields will be started. Contracts will be let this week for the pipe to be used in these extensions. It is also proposed to have a line to the Atlantic seaboard in the very near future. Oil tank vessels will be constructed and other costly equipment provided.

The Pure Oil company has secured the stock of nearly all the individual shareholders in the Producers' and Refiners' Oil company, capital, \$250,000; the Producers' Oil company, capital, \$600,000; the United States Pipe Line company, capital, \$120,000, and the United States Oil company, capital, \$120,000. The efforts of the Standard to gain a controlling interest in any of these companies have been thwarted in the past because of the by-laws of the separate organizations. Persons purchasing stock are not entitled to membership in any of the companies, nor the stock accepted until a majority of the members vote his admission. This by-law was prepared when the companies were formed especially to prevent the Standard from securing the controlling interest in any of the concerns. They purchased an interest in one of the companies recently, but are not recognized in the corporation and the stock was not voted on. This resulted in litigation in which the Pure Oil company won. The case is now before a master who will appraise the value of the stock owned by the Standard representative, after which it will be bought in by members of the Pure Oil company.

The same rule caused litigation for the Pure Oil company in 1884, when an effort was made to buy a block of stock in the Producers' Oil company.

The Standard controls some of this stock and entered into equity proceedings to prevent the Pure Oil company from making the purchase. Judge Stowe, in Pittsburgh, granted a temporary injunction, but it was never made permanent. This rule, however, it was thought, might prevent the Pure Oil company from combining with other independent companies.—Told to Times.

## WILL DRILL FOR OIL.

Says the Wall street Journal:

"The Chicago & Ohio Oil company is preparing to sink twenty new wells on its property in Wood county, Ohio, where it has 500 acres of oil lands, with thirty wells now running, and averaging 20 barrels a day to each well. For the purpose of raising additional funds for development work the company is offering a 10% interest amount of stock and 6 per cent bonds, the stock of a par value of \$100 per share. The Colonial stock and Bond Co. of this city are the organizers, and they say the value of the property merits a large additional outlay with a certain result of largely increased earning power."

## THE MARKET SLUMP.

The continued slump in the prices of crude oil is having a terribly depressing effect upon oil operations in the Ohio and Indiana field. The price had been put up just long enough to cause a lively leasing of new territory and liberal investments by eastern capital. It was decided to postpone any further proceedings in the matter for 30 days.

in developed territory, and operators were busy putting down new wells.

Within the last thirty days the market has fallen off 25 cents per barrel, and a continued downward tendency, that can only be stopped by the will of the Standard.

The worst feature of the case so far as new operations are concerned, is that the price of all the supplies used in drilling remains at the top notch. Operators say that it costs three times as much now to put down a well as it did the last time oil was down to its present figures, and unless the price of supplies are reduced, new operations will be entirely suspended. Pipe, cordage and tools are the chief items of expense which will have to be reduced.

## ANOTHER STANDARD OPPONENT.

A telegram from New York says: "The Pure Oil Company, which advises from Trenton report has increased its capital stock from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000, it was stated in Wall street today, the selling agent for a number of independent oil companies. These companies include the American Oil Works, the Continental Refining Company, the Columbia Oil Company, the Seven Oil Works, the Emery Oil Company, the Germania Refining Company, the Independent Refining Company and the E. H. Jennings & Matson Oil Company. All the concerns are stockholders of the Pure Oil Company.

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A great part of the increased capital, it is stated, will be expended for improvements for manufacturing, refining and transporting oil. By next fall it is intended to extend a pipe line into Philadelphia, and at an early date a pipeline to West Virginia fields will be started. Contracts will be let this week for the pipe to be used in these extensions. It is also proposed to have a line to the Atlantic seaboard in the very near future. Oil tank vessels will be constructed and other costly equipment provided.

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